EFFECTS OF LONG-TERM AUDIOBOOK EXPOSURE ON THE BEHAVIOR OF SHELTER DOGS MARIA S. FORNAEUS





BACKGROUND

Shelter dogs experience stressors that can induce negative behavioral changes. Excessive movement and barking may decrease a dog's chance of getting adopted

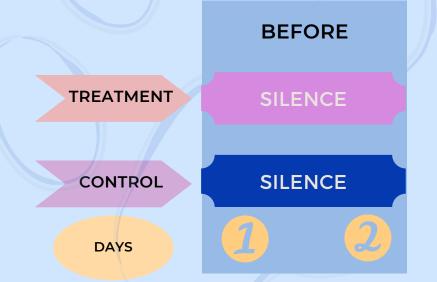
Auditory enrichment (i.e., classical music/audiobooks) has been used as a method to decrease vocalization and increase resting behavior among dogs, ultimately improving their welfare

AIM

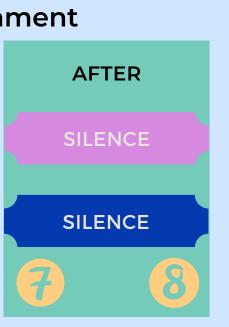
To investigate the effects of long-term audiobook exposure on the behavior of shelter dogs

METHOD

During the study, the treatment group (n=14) listened to an audiobook that played through two speakers installed in their corridor (for 4 days, 8hrs/day), while the control group (n=11) received no auditory enrichment







SUPERVISOR: LINA ROTH



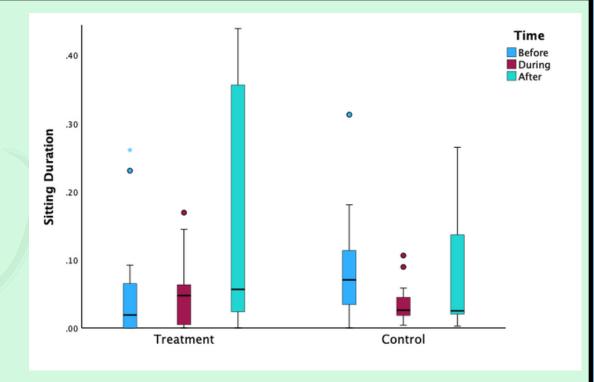
RESULTS

TREATMENT GROUP SPENT:

- More time SITTING compared to control during treatment
- Less time WHINING during treatment
- More time SITTING in the days after exposure

CONTROL AND TREATMENT GROUPS SPENT:

- Less time MOVING and STANDING during the treatment period
- More time MOVING and STANDING after the treatment period



CONCLUSION

The treatment group's increased sitting and reduced whining suggest audiobooks' potential to help dogs acclimate to kennels and reduce anxiety

The increase in activity post-treatment may be due to habituation, but external factors (i.e., construction work) make it difficult to rule out other explanations

Audiobooks are cost-effective enrichment and require minimal resources to be implemented in shelters

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